

Implications of the Major Health KOSs during the COVID-19 Pandemic

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Outline

1. Prompt actions of the major health KOSs
 - a) The recent efforts to eliminate ambiguities and semantic conflicts through naming of the disease
 - b) New codes and coding guidance from major standardized health KOSs
2. Usages of Health KOSs
3. Conclusion

Based on Chapter 1 & 2 of the full paper:

Zeng, M. L., Y. Hong, J. Clunis, S. He, & L.P. Coladangelo. 2020. Implications of Knowledge Organization Systems for Health Information Exchange and Communication during the COVID-19 Pandemic. *Data and Information Management*, 4(3): 148-170. Available at <https://doi.org/10.2478/dim-2020-0009>

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The Problem of Information Overload

"Information overload" refers to the difficulty a person can have understanding an issue and making decisions that can be caused by the presence of too much information. Toffler, 1970

Challenges during a global pandemic

- News reports are from around the world;
- Terms carry different meanings in different contexts;
- Uncertain methods or criteria for collecting data;
- Communicating across languages, regions, and cultures,
- ...


Standardized health KOSs

- increasingly play a larger and more important role in healthcare information systems to facilitate data normalization,
 - which is a fundamental requirement for any subsequent data analysis, information management, and decision-making.

The Problem of Semantic conflicts

Naming of a disease; Classifying and defining a disease.

- 2009 H1N1 Flu (Swine Flu)

- "swine flu"
- "pig flu"
- "[new] Spanish flu"
- "Mexican flu"
- "North American influenza"
- "Influenza A virus subtype H1N1" – Wikipedia
- "Influenza A (H1N1)" – WHO
- "Swine-Origin Influenza A H1N1 Virus" – CDC, (MeSH)
- "Influenza A Virus, H1N1 Subtype" – MeSH 

- Even after standardized authority control efforts, semantic conflicts can still occur through the way concepts are classified and defined.
- Incorrect diagnoses and cause of death is a well-known problem with international morbidity and mortality statistics (O'Malley et al., 2005).

LePan, Nicholas , 2020-03. “Visualizing the History of Pandemics”
<https://www.visualcapitalist.com/history-of-pandemics-deadliest>

Three most important names to be decided

- the species
- the virus
- the disease

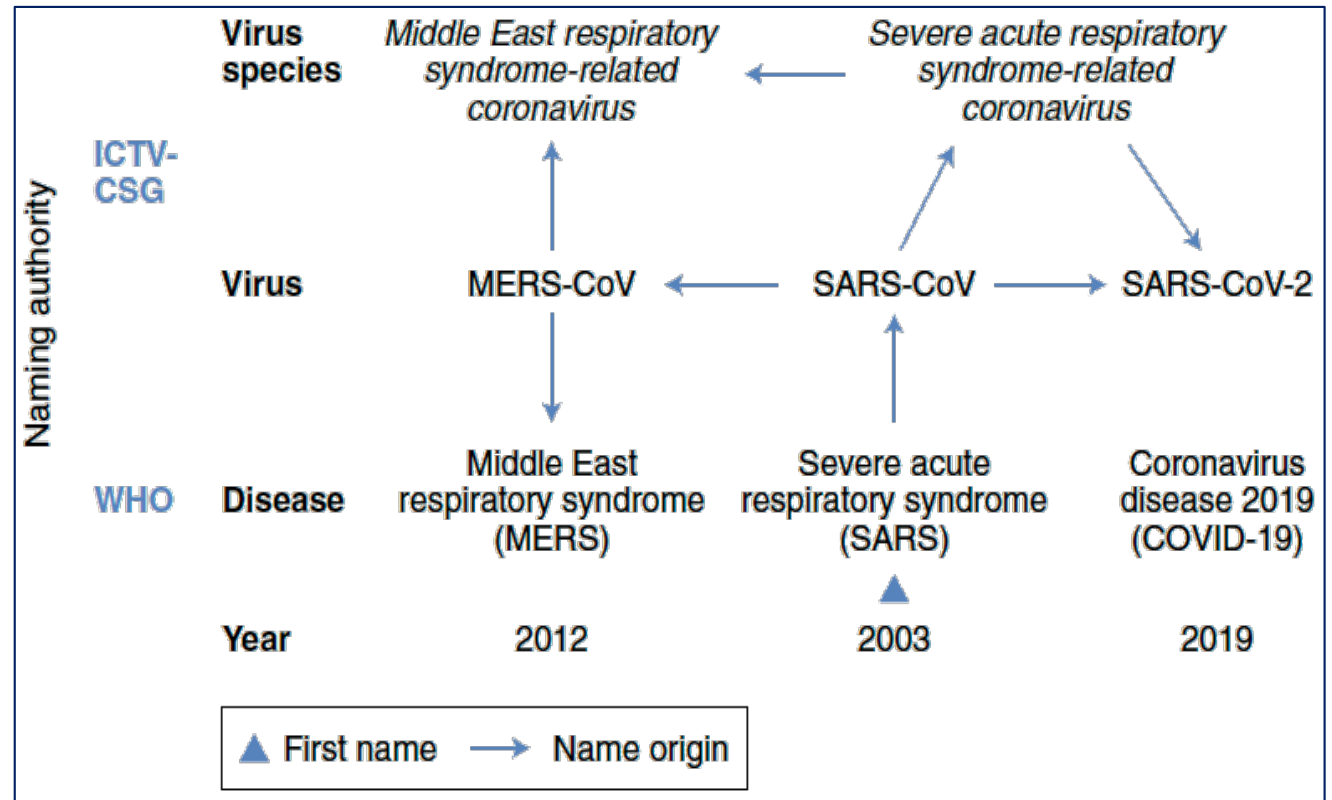


Image source: ICTV: Naming the 2019 Coronavirus. <https://talk.ictvonline.org/> CC BY-SA 4.0

Gorbalenya, A.E., Baker, S.C., Baric, R.S. *et al.* The species *Severe acute respiratory syndrome-related coronavirus*: classifying 2019-nCoV and naming it SARS-CoV-2. *Nat Microbiol* **5**, 536–544 (2020). <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41564-020-0695-z>

ICTV = International Committee on Taxonomy of Viruses, the official body of the Virology Division of the International Union of Microbiological Societies.

ICTV-CSG = The *Coronaviridae* Study Group (CSG) of the International Committee on Taxonomy of Viruses

WHO Best Practices for Naming of New Human Infectious Diseases

https://www.who.int/topics/infectious_diseases/naming-new-diseases/en/

Ensuring that the name **does not** refer to

- a geographical location,
- an animal,
- an individual or group of people,

while still being pronounceable and related to the disease (WHO, 2015).

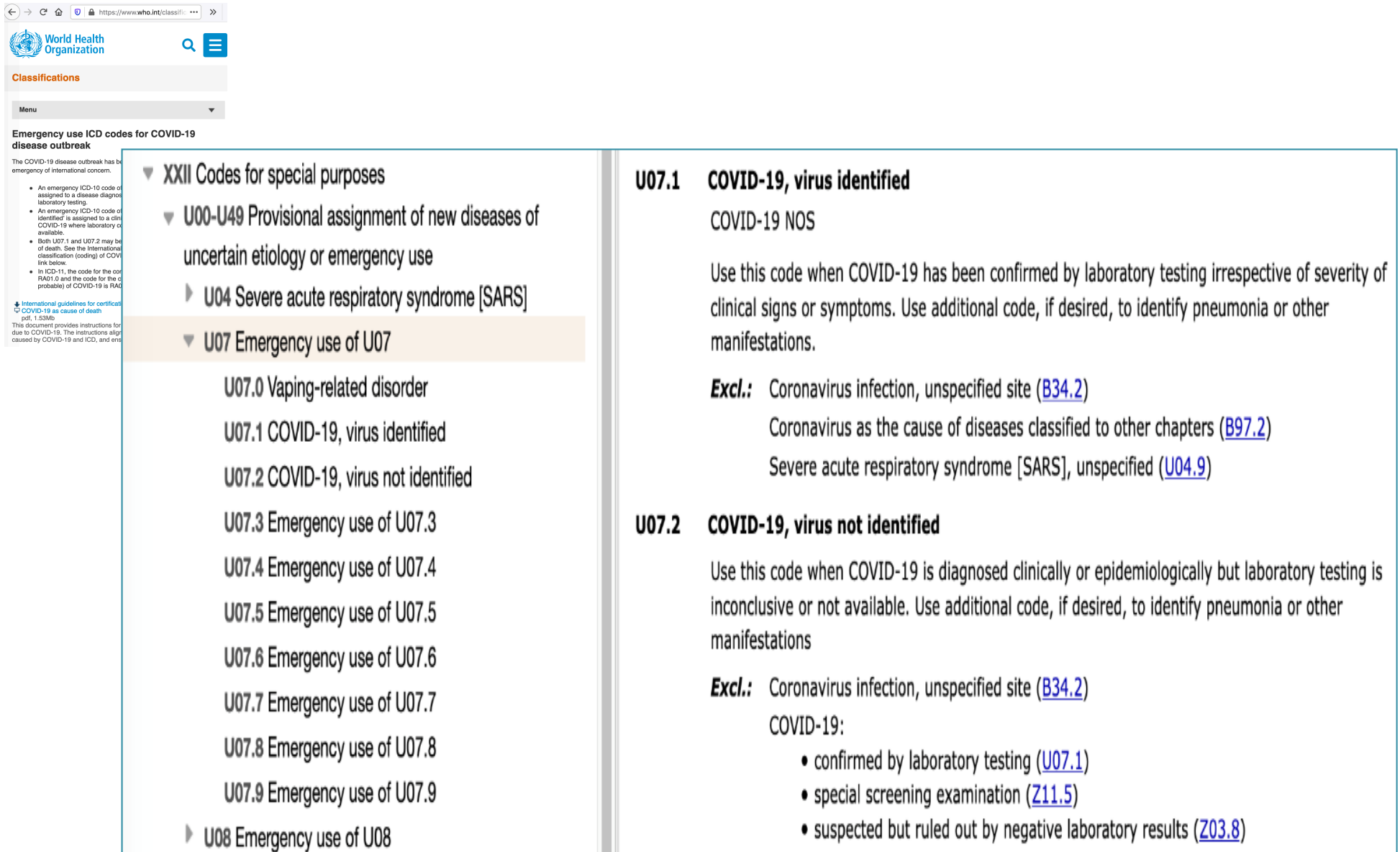
Establishing a name for a new disease provides a shared understanding for researchers and developers to discuss disease prevention, spread, transmissibility, severity, and treatment. Viruses are named based on their genetic structure to facilitate the development of diagnostic tests, vaccines, and medicines (WHO, 2020a).

Naming and Classifying by WHO and ICD-10*

- 2020-01-30.
 - WHO declared the 2019 Novel Coronavirus (**2019-nCoV**) disease outbreak a public health emergency of international concern.
- 2020-01-31.
 - WHO Family of International Classifications (WHO-FIC) network's Classification and Statistics Advisory Committee (CSAC) convened an emergency meeting to discuss the creation of a specific code for this new type of coronavirus.
 - ICD-10 established a new emergency code ("U07.1, 2019-nCoV, acute respiratory disease").
- 2020-02-11.
 - The WHO officially announced the name of the disease, **COVID-19**, an acronym for "coronavirus disease 2019."
 - A study group of the International Committee on Taxonomy of Viruses (ICTV) christened the novel virus as "severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2," or **SARS-CoV-2** (ICTV, 2020).
 - The ICD-10 was updated with two emergency codes:
 - "U07.1 COVID-19, virus identified" and
 - "U07.2 COVID-19, virus not identified"

*ICD-10 = *International Classification of Diseases 10th*

WHO ICD-10 codes of COVID-19



The screenshot shows the WHO ICD-10 website. The left sidebar contains the WHO logo and a search bar. The main content area is titled "Emergency use ICD codes for COVID-19 disease outbreak". It lists the following codes:

- XXII Codes for special purposes
 - U00-U49 Provisional assignment of new diseases of uncertain etiology or emergency use
 - U04 Severe acute respiratory syndrome [SARS]
 - U07 Emergency use of U07
 - U07.0 Vaping-related disorder
 - U07.1 COVID-19, virus identified
 - U07.2 COVID-19, virus not identified
 - U07.3 Emergency use of U07.3
 - U07.4 Emergency use of U07.4
 - U07.5 Emergency use of U07.5
 - U07.6 Emergency use of U07.6
 - U07.7 Emergency use of U07.7
 - U07.8 Emergency use of U07.8
 - U07.9 Emergency use of U07.9
 - U08 Emergency use of U08

The right sidebar provides detailed information for U07.1 and U07.2:

U07.1 COVID-19, virus identified
COVID-19 NOS
Use this code when COVID-19 has been confirmed by laboratory testing irrespective of severity of clinical signs or symptoms. Use additional code, if desired, to identify pneumonia or other manifestations.
Excl.: Coronavirus infection, unspecified site (B34.2)
Coronavirus as the cause of diseases classified to other chapters (B97.2)
Severe acute respiratory syndrome [SARS], unspecified (U04.9)

U07.2 COVID-19, virus not identified
Use this code when COVID-19 is diagnosed clinically or epidemiologically but laboratory testing is inconclusive or not available. Use additional code, if desired, to identify pneumonia or other manifestations
Excl.: Coronavirus infection, unspecified site (B34.2)
COVID-19:

- confirmed by laboratory testing (U07.1)
- special screening examination (Z11.5)
- suspected but ruled out by negative laboratory results (Z03.8)

Source: <https://icd.who.int/browse10/2019/en#/U07> (Image captured 2020-04-26).

Releases of Guidelines by KOSs in March 2020

- ICD-10
- CPT (Current Procedural Terminology)
- LOINC (Logical Observation Identifiers Names and Codes)
- SNOMED CT (Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine – Clinical Terms)


Refer to our full paper's Table 1 ----->
<https://doi.org/10.2478/dim-2020-0009>

6 — Marcia Lei Zeng et al. sciendo

Table 1
COVID-19 Coding Guidance

KOS	Code	Code Description	Coding guidance
ICD-10 <i>International Classification of Diseases – Version 10.</i> (Guidance released on 2020-03-25; https://www.who.int/classifications/icd/COVID-19-coding-icd10.pdf)	U07.1*	COVID-19, virus identified	Positive test result; COVID-19 documented as cause of death *Use intervention/procedure codes to capture any mechanical ventilation or extracorporeal membrane oxygenation and identify any admission to intensive care unit
	U07.1	COVID-19, virus not identified o Clinically epidemiologically diagnosed COVID-19 o Probable COVID-19 o Suspected COVID-19	Positive test result only, patient showing no symptoms
	U07.1 + codes for symptoms	COVID-19, virus identified	Use additional code(s) for respiratory disease (e.g. viral pneumonia J12.8) or signs or symptoms of respiratory disease (e.g. shortness of breath R06.0, cough R05) as documented
	U07.2; Z20.8 + codes for symptoms	Contact or suspected exposure	Suspected/probable cases. No other etiology; history of travel
	U07.2; Z20.8 + codes for symptoms	Contact or suspected exposure	Suspected/probable cases. Contact with confirmed or probable case
	U07.2 + codes for symptoms		Suspected/probable cases. No other etiology; hospitalization required
	U07.2 + codes for any symptoms		Suspected/probable cases. COVID-19 documented without any further information regarding testing
CPT <i>Current Procedural Terminology</i> (Guidance released on 2020-03-13; https://www.ama-assn.org/practice-management/cpt/covid-19-coding-and-guidance)	87635	SARS-CoV-2 COVID-19 AMP PRB	Effective March 13, 2020, for novel coronavirus tests through infectious agent detection by nucleic acid
	86318	IMMUNOASSAY INFECTIOUS AGENT ANTIBODY	Effective April 10, 2020, for novel coronavirus tests through infectious agent detection by nucleic acid
	86328	IA NFCT AB SARS-CoV2 COVID19	Effective April 10, 2020, for antibody tests using a single step method immunoassay. This testing method typically includes a strip with all of the critical components for the assay and is appropriate for a point of care platform
	86769	SARS-CoV-2 COVID-19 ANTIBODY	Effective April 10, 2020, for antibody tests using a multiple step method. For severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) (Coronavirus disease (COVID-19)) antibody testing using single step method, use 86328
KOS	Code	Code Description	Coding guidance
SNOMED CT <i>Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine – Clinical Terms</i> (Guidance released on 2020-03-09; https://confluence.ihtsdotools.org/display/snomed/SNOMED+CT+COVID-19+Related+Content)	840539006	COVID-19	Fully specified name (FSN) = Disease caused by severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (disorder)
	840544004	Suspected COVID-19	FSN = Suspected disease caused by severe acute respiratory coronavirus 2 (situation)
	840534001	SARS-CoV-2 vaccination	FSN = Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 vaccination (procedure)
	840536004	Antigen of SARS-CoV-2	FSN = Antigen of severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (substance)
	840535000	Antibody to SARS-CoV-2	FSN = Antibody to severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (substance)
	840546002	Exposure to SARS-CoV-2	FSN = Exposure to severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (event)
	840533007	SARS-CoV-2	FSN = Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (organism)
LOINC <i>Logical Observation Identifiers Names and Codes</i> (Special use codes and terms pre-released in mid-March; https://clinicalarchitecture.com/covid-19-updates/)	94721-8	COVID-19 Evaluation note	These pre-released terms are not yet part of an official LOINC release and therefore not available as a direct download from LOINC website
	94723-4	Emergency department COVID-19 Initial Evaluation form	For a complete list of COVID-19 related LOINC codes, check https://loinc.org/prerelease/
	94722-6	COVID-19 Initial Evaluation form	

NLM VSAC COVID-19 SNOMED CT Codeset

 Value Set Authority Center U.S. National Library of Medicine	
Value Set Name	2019 Novel Coronavirus COVID 19 Codeset
Code System	SNOMEDCT
OID	2.16.840.1.113762.1.4.1114.7
Type	Extensional
Definition Version	20200324
Steward	Office of the National Coordinator for Health Information Technology
Program	null,20200324 using this value set
Expansion Version	20200324
Expanded Code List	
Code	Description
461911000124106	Swab specimen from oropharynx (specimen)
840533007	Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (organism)
840534001	Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 vaccination (procedure)
840535000	Antibody to severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (substance)
840536004	Antigen of severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (substance)
840539006	Disease caused by severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (disorder)
840544004	Suspected disease caused by severe acute respiratory coronavirus 2 (situation)
840546002	Exposure to severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (event)

[Note: This value set contains codes from the March 2020 Interim International Edition release. New approved terms for these codes will appear in the next release in September 2020.

Source: <https://confluence.ihtsdotools.org/display/snomed/SNOMED%2BCT%2BCoronavirus%2BContent>]

MeSH Supplementary Concept for COVID-19

COVID-19 MeSH Supplementary Concept Data 2020

Details

Concepts

MeSH Supplementary Unique ID	COVID-19 C000657245
RDF Unique Identifier	http://id.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/C000657245
Entry Term(s)	2019 novel coronavirus disease 2019 novel coronavirus infection 2019-nCoV disease 2019-nCoV infection COVID-19 pandemic COVID-19 virus disease COVID-19 virus infection COVID19 SARS-CoV-2 infection coronavirus disease 2019 coronavirus disease-19
Registry Number	0
Heading Mapped to	*Pneumonia, Viral *Coronavirus Infections *Pandemics
Note	A viral disorder characterized by high FEVER ; COUGH ; DYSYPNEA ; renal dysfunction and other symptoms of a VIRAL PNEUMONIA. A coronavirus SARS-CoV-2 in the genus BETACORONAVIRUS is the suspected agent.
Indexing Information	severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2
Date of Entry	2020/02/13
Revision Date	2020/04/07

Source: <https://meshb.nlm.nih.gov/record/ui?ui=C000657245>

Wikipedia and Wikidata entries of COVID-19

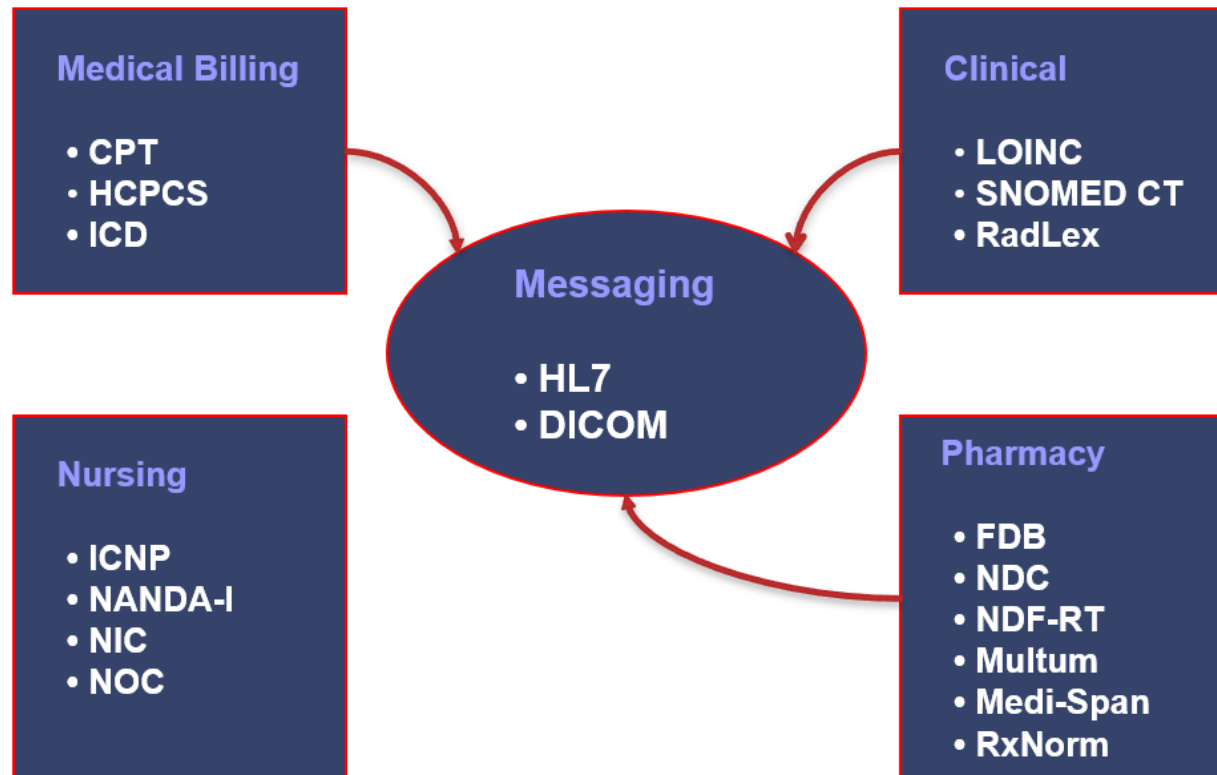
(Data collected on May 20, 2020)

Wikipedia			Wikidata			
Wikipedia entry	# of entries (languages)	Matching KOS IDs	Wikidata English Label and ID	scope notes	# of "Also Known as" in English	# of mapped "Identifier"
Coronavirus disease 2019	128	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •MeSH: C000657245 • ICD-10: U07.1 •ICD-10: U07.2 •SNOMED CT: 840539006 	COVID-19 (Q84263196)	zoonotic respiratory syndrome and infectious disease in humans, caused by SARS coronavirus 2	19	21
Coronavirus	69	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •ICD-10:B97.2 •MeSH:D017934 	Coronavirus (Q89469904)	group of related viruses that cause diseases in mammals and birds	1	6
COVID-19 pandemic	125		COVID-19 pandemic (Q81068910)	ongoing pandemic of COVID-19	15	23
Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2	102	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •ICD-10: U07.1 •MeSH: C000656484 •SNOMED CT: 840533007 	SARS-CoV-2 (Q82069695)	strain of virus causing the ongoing pandemic of coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19)	16	14

Outline

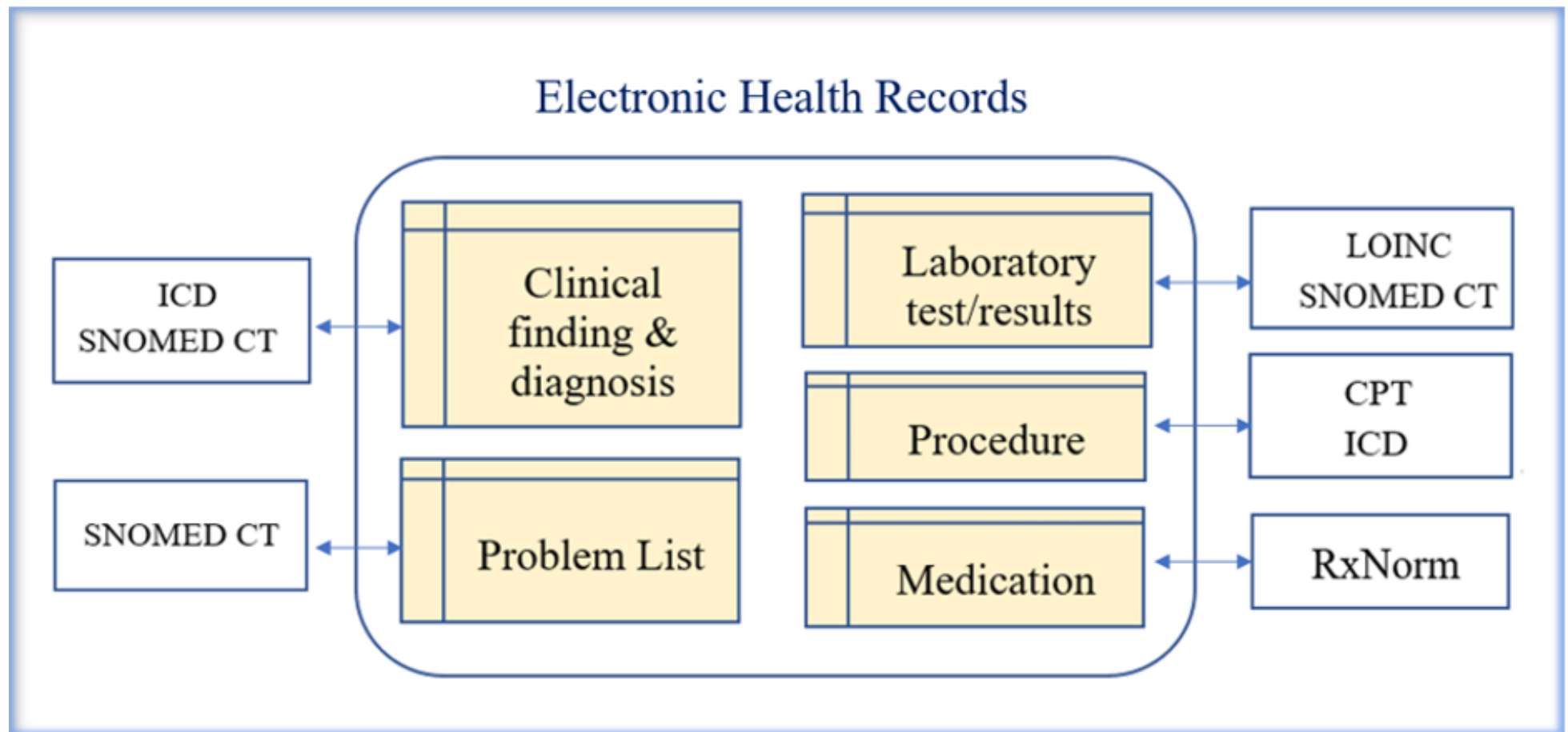
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Common Health KOS Standards



- Most popular KOS standards in EHR and HIE:
 - ❖ International Classification of Diseases (ICD)
 - ❖ Current Procedural Terminology (CPT)
 - ❖ Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine--Clinical Terms (SNOMED-CT)
 - ❖ Logical Observation Identifiers Names and Codes (LOINC)
 - ❖ RxNorm
 - ❖ Health Level Seven (HL7) messages

Standard health KOSs in electronic health records (EHR)



All Resources

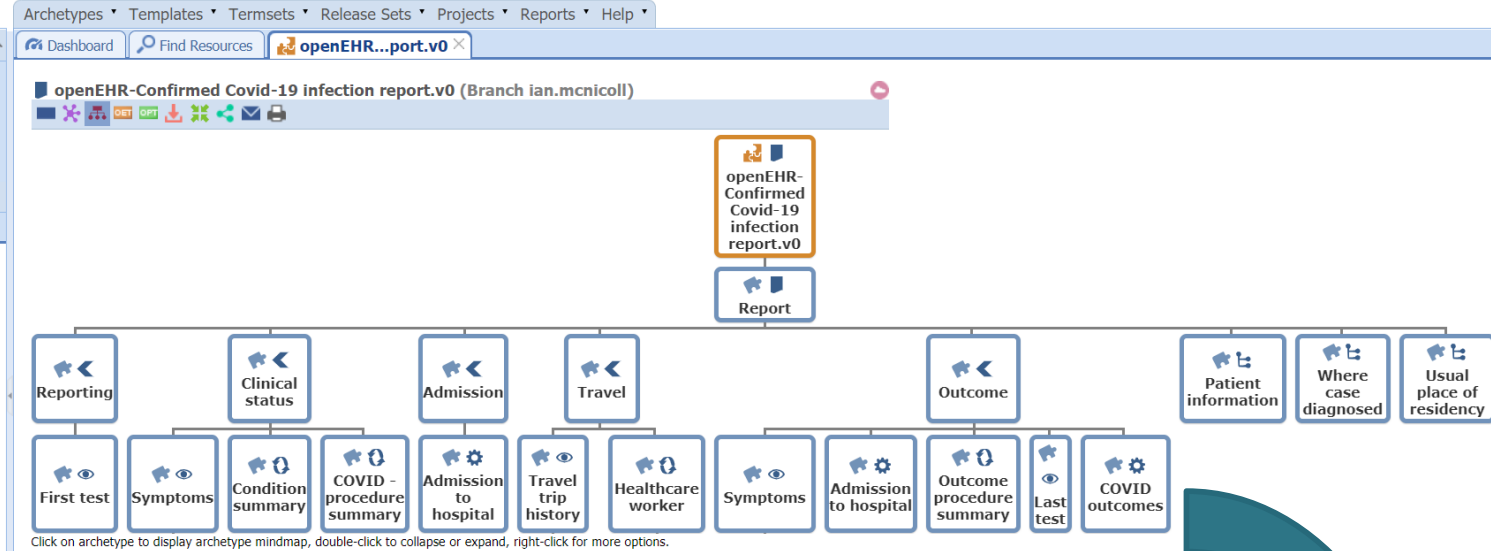
Subdomain: All subdomains

Project / incubator: All projects

Active Under review Published

Archetypes

- EHR Archetypes
 - Cluster
 - Composition
 - Element
 - Entry
 - Action
 - Evaluation
 - Observation
 - Instruction
 - Admin
 - Section
 - Structure
- Demographic Model Archetypes



Source:
<https://openehr.org/c/km/templates/I013.2.6.272/orgchart>

COVID-19 encounter diagnosis in OpenEMR's Problem List

Source: https://www.open-emr.org/wiki/index.php/OpenEMR_Features

Default

Top Bot

Calendar

Messages

Patient/Client

Patients

New/Search

Summary

Visits

Create Visit

Current

Visit History

Records

Visit Forms

Fees

Procedures

Administration

Reports

Miscellaneous

History | Report | Documents | Transactions | Issues

Billing (expand)

Edit Demographics (expand)

Edit Notes (expand)

Edit Patient Reminders (expand)

New Encounter Form

Save Cancel

Type: Problem Allergy Medication Surgery Dental

HTN
asthma
diabetes
hyperlipidemia (Select one or more, or type your own title)

Title: COVID-19

Diagnosis Code: U07.1

Begin Date:

End Date:

Occurrence: Unknown or N/A

Referred by:

Outcome: Unassigned

Destination:

Save Cancel

SNOMED CT code of COVID-19

Parents

- Human coronavirus (organism)

2019 novel coronavirus (organism)
SCTID: 840533007
840533007 | 2019 novel coronavirus (organism) |
en 2019-nCoV
en Wuhan coronavirus
en 2019 novel coronavirus (organism)
en 2019 novel coronavirus

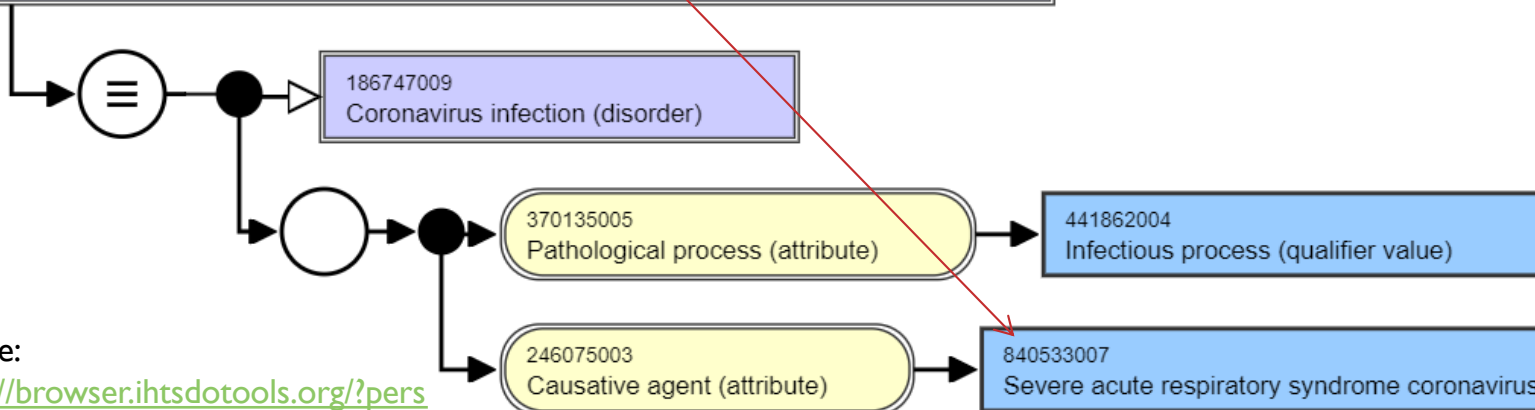
Parents

- Disease caused by Coronaviridae (disorder)
- Coronavirus infection (disorder)

Disease caused by 2019 novel coronavirus (disorder)
SCTID: 840539006
840539006 | Disease caused by 2019 novel coronavirus (disorder) |
en Disease caused by 2019 novel coronavirus (disorder)
en Disease caused by Wuhan coronavirus (disorder)

Causative agent → 2019 novel coronavirus
Pathological process → Infectious process

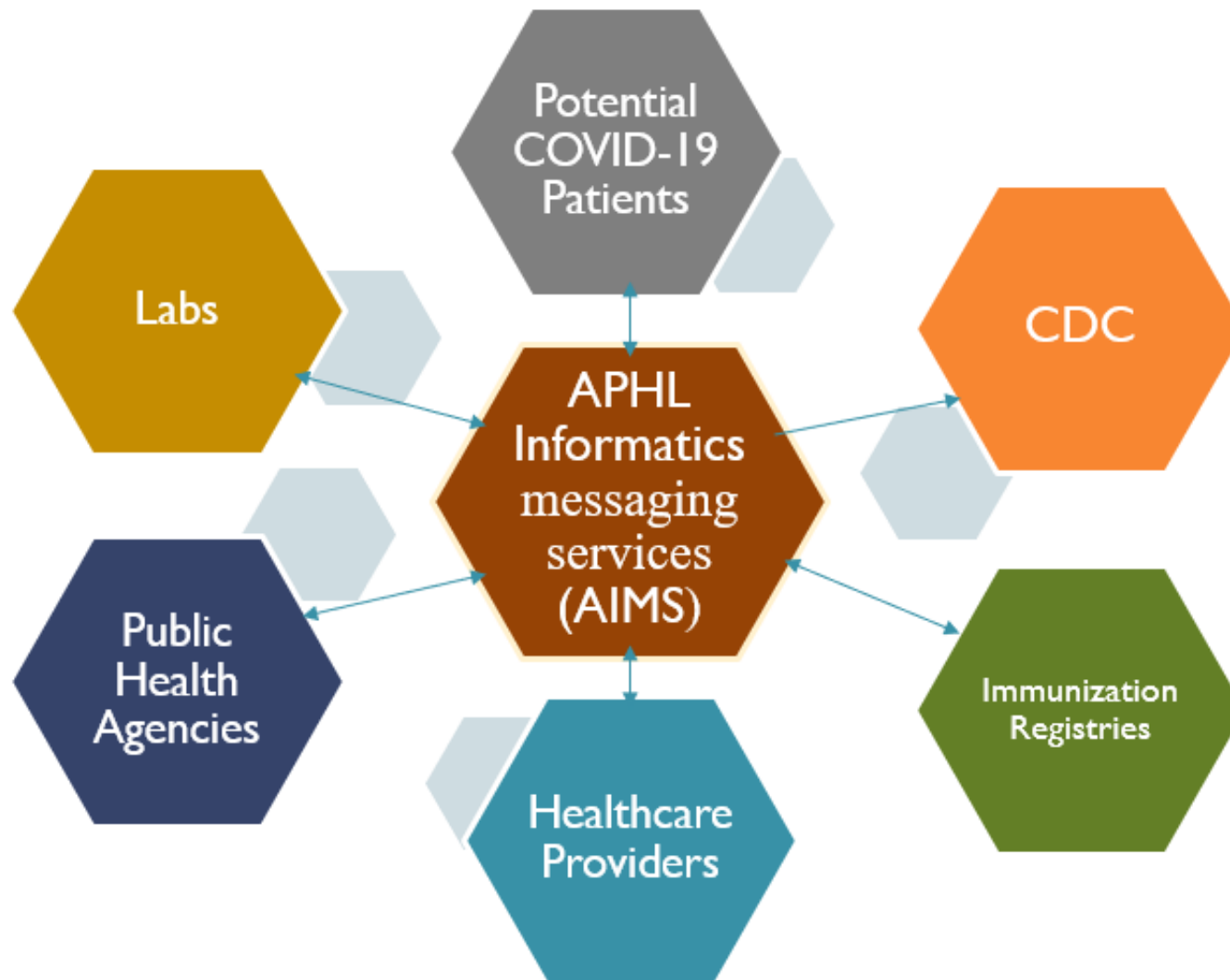
840539006
Disease caused by Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (disorder)



Source:

<https://browser.ihtsdotools.org/?perspective=full&conceptId=840539006&edition=MAIN/2020-07-31&release=&languages=en>

COVID-19 Data Exchange on the AIMS Platform



COVID-19 HL7 data messaging - Sample HL7 messages for lab data exchange

MSH|^~\&|STARLIMS.AR.STAG^2.16.840.1.114222.4.3.3.2.5.2^ISO|AR.LittleRock.SPHL^2.16.840.1.114222.4.1.20
083^ISO|US WHO Collab LabSys^2.16.840.1.114222.4.3.3.7^ISO|CDC-EPI Surv
Branch^2.16.840.1.114222.4.1.10416^ISO|20191203100718-
0600||ORU^R01^ORU_R01|170703|T|2.3.1|||||PHLIP_ORU_v1.0.2^PHIN_Profile_ID^2.16.840.1.114222.4.10.3^ISO
PID|1||PID13295037^^^STARLIMS.AR.STAG&2.16.840.1.114222.4.3.3.2.5.2&ISO^PI||~^S||20000101|F||^A
R^72016^USA
ORC|RE|1905700000256-12^PHLIP-Test-EHR^2.16.840.1.113883.3.72.5.24^ISO|1905700000256-
176^STARLIMS.AR.STAG^2.16.840.1.114222.4.3.3.2.5.2^ISO||CM|||||Little Rock General Hospital Lab|2217
Trancas^^Little Rock^AR^72205
OBR|1|1905700000256-12^PHLIP-Test-EHR^2.16.840.1.113883.3.72.5.24^ISO|1905700000256-
176^STARLIMS.AR.STAG^2.16.840.1.114222.4.3.3.2.5.2^ISO|68991-9^Epidemiologically important info
pnl^LN||20191125201900-
0600||||20191126|ORH&Other&HL70070|1412941681^Smith^John^C^^DR^^^NPI&2.16.840.1.113883.4.6&ISO^L|^
^PH^^^952^4863332||||F
OBX|1|CX|LAB202^Unique Specimen
ID^PHINQUESTION||1905700000256^^^STARLIMS.AR.STAG&2.16.840.1.114222.4.3.3.2.5.2&ISO||||F||20191203
100718-0600
ORC|RE|1905700000256-13^PHLIP-Test-EHR^2.16.840.1.113883.3.72.5.24^ISO|1905700000256-
177^STARLIMS.AR.STAG^2.16.840.1.114222.4.3.3.2.5.2^ISO||CM|||||Little Rock General Hospital Lab|2217
Trancas^^Little Rock^AR^72205
OBR|2|1905700000256-13^PHLIP-Test-EHR^2.16.840.1.113883.3.72.5.24^ISO|1905700000256-
177^STARLIMS.AR.STAG^2.16.840.1.114222.4.3.3.2.5.2^ISO|94306-8^SARS-CoV-2 RNA Pnl XXX
NAA+probe^LN||20191125201900-
0600||||20191126|ORH&Other&HL70070&&Nasopharyngeal|1412941681^Smith^John^C^^DR^^^NPI&2.16.840.1.1
13883.4.6&ISO^L|^PH^^^952^4863332||||20191203081920-0600||F
OBX|1|CE|94307-6^SARS-CoV-2 N gene XXX QI NAA N1^LN||260373001^Detected^SCT||||F||20191203081920-
0600
OBX|2|CE|94308-4^SARS-CoV-2 N gene XXX QI NAA N2^LN||260373001^Detected^SCT||||F||20191203081920-
0600
OBX|3|CE|68993-5^Human RNase P RNA XXX QI
NAA+probe^LN||260373001^Detected^SCT||||F||20191203081920-0600

LOINC code
and name

SNOMED CT
code and name

LOINC code
and name



Sample HL7 Message with “Not Detected” Test Results

	sort	vsID	vsName	rowStatus	Code	ConceptName
MSH ^~\& ST/						
083^ISO US W	10037	av-319	Conclusion PCR result	A	260373001	Detected
Branch^2.16.84	10039	av-319	Conclusion PCR result	A	419984006	inconclusive
0600 ORU^R0	10041	av-319	Conclusion PCR result	A	260415000	Not Detected
PID 1 PID1325	10045	av-319	Conclusion PCR result	A	125154007	Specimen unsatisfactory for evaluation
R^72016^USA						
ORC RE 19057	10970	av-318	Target PCR result	A	260373001	Detected
176^STARLIN	10973	av-318	Target PCR result	A	260415000	Not Detected
Trancas^^Little Rock^AR^72205						
OBR 1 1905700000276-12^PHLIP-Test-EHR^2.16.840.1.113883.3.72.5.24^ISO 1905700000276-						
176^STARLIMS.AR.STAG^2.16.840.1.114222.4.3.3.2.5.2^ISO 68991-9^Epidemiologically important info						
pnl^LN 20191125201900-						
0600 20191126 ORH&Other&HL70070 1412941681^Smith^John^C^^DR^^^NPI&2.16.840.1.113883.4.6&ISO^L ^						
^PH^^^952^4863332 F						
OBX 1 CX LAB202^Unique Specimen						
ID^PHINQUESTION 1905700000276^^^STARLIMS.AR.STAG&2.16.840.1.114222.4.3.3.2.5.2&ISO F 20191203						
100718-0600						
ORC RE 1905700000276-13^PHLIP-Test-EHR^2.16.840.1.113883.3.72.5.24^ISO 1905700000276-						
177^STARLIMS.AR.STAG^2.16.840.1.114222.4.3.3.2.5.2^ISO CM Little Rock General Hospital Lab 2217						
Trancas^^Little Rock^AR^72205						
OBR 2 1905700000276-13^PHLIP-Test-EHR^2.16.840.1.113883.3.72.5.24^ISO 1905700000276-						
177^STARLIMS.AR.STAG^2.16.840.1.114222.4.3.3.2.5.2^ISO 94306-8^SARS-CoV-2 RNA Pnl XXX						
NAA+probe^LN 20191125201900-						
0600 20191126 ORH&Other&HL70070&&Nasopharyngeal 1412941681^Smith^John^C^^DR^^^NPI&2.16.840.1.1						
13883.4.6&ISO^L ^PH^^^952^4863332 20191203081920-0600 F						
OBX 1 CE 94307-6^SARS-CoV-2 N gene XXX Q1 NAA N1^LN 2260415000^Not						
detected^SCT F 20191203081920-0600						

Sample HL7 Message with “Inconclusive” Test Results

5/23/2020

2019-nCoV_Encoding Guidelines_FINAL_r1.xlsx

sort	vsID	vsName	rowStatus	Code	ConceptName
10037	av-319	Conclusion PCR result	A	260373001	Detected
10039	av-319	Conclusion PCR result	A	419984006	inconclusive
10041	av-319	Conclusion PCR result	A	260415000	Not Detected
10045	av-319	Conclusion PCR result	A	125154007	Specimen unsatisfactory for evaluation

ORC|RE|1905700000266-13^PHLIP-Test-EHR^2.16.840.1.113883.3.72.5.24^ISO|1905700000266-177^STARLIMS.AR.STAG^2.16.840.1.114222.4.3.3.2.5.2^ISO|||||1412941681^Smith^John^C^^DR^^NPI&2.16.840.1.113883.4.6&ISO^L^^NPI^^^^^^MD|^WPN^PH^1^707^2643378|||||Little Rock General Hospital Lab^D^^NPI&2.16.840.1.113883.4.6&ISO^NPI^^1255402921|2217 Trancas^Suite 22^Little Rock^AR^72205^USA^M|^WPN^PH^1^707^5549876

OBR|2|1905700000266-13^PHLIP-Test-EHR^2.16.840.1.113883.3.72.5.24^ISO|1905700000266-177^STARLIMS.AR.STAG^2.16.840.1.114222.4.3.3.2.5.2^ISO|94309-2^2019-nCoV RNA XXX NAA+probe-Imp^LN|||201902281257-0500|||||1412941681^Smith^John^C^^DR^^NPI&2.16.840.1.113883.4.6&ISO^L^^NPI^^^^^^MD|^WPN^PH^1^707^2643378|||||20190402082143-0500|||F

OBX|1|CWE|94309-2^2019-nCoV RNA XXX NAA+probe-Imp^LN||419984006^Inconclusive^SCT|||||F|||201902281257-0500|||||201904020721-0500||||Public Health Laboratory^D^^CLIA&2.16.840.1.113883.19.4.6&ISO^XX^^05D0897628|3434 Industrial Loop^^Little Rock^AR^72205^USA^B

NTE|1|L|94309-2 is a report code. It should be conditional in the panel = either this OR all the target codes MUST be used; both may be used also.

SPM|1|^1905700000266-12&STARLIMS.AR.STAG&2.16.840.1.114222.4.3.3.2.5.2&ISO||258500001^Nasopharyngeal swab (specimen)^SCT|||||201902281257-0500|201903011118-0500

Conclusion

Health KOSs have become even more critical to aid the frontline endeavors to overcome the obstacles of information overload and semantic conflicts that can occur during special historic and worldwide events like the COVID-19 pandemic.

They have played important roles in:

- supporting health data exchange and information management,
- ensuring consistency and interoperability of data collection and reuse among various providers and healthcare settings
- facilitate data normalization, which is a fundamental requirement for any subsequent data analysis and information management

Implications of the Major Health KOSs during the COVID-19 Pandemic

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